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and was corrected pursuant to the elements in paragraph (k)(1)(ii) of this section.

- (3) Time limit for commencing action. No action under this section will be entertained unless commenced, in accordance with §155.206(1), within six years from the date on which the violation occurred.
- (1) Notice of assessment of CMP. If HHS proposes to assess a CMP in accordance with this section, HHS will send a written notice of this decision to the consumer assistance entity against whom the sanction is being imposed, which notice must include the following:
- (1) A description of the basis for the determination;
 - (2) The basis for the CMP;
- (3) The amount of the CMP, if applicable:
- (4) The date the CMP, if applicable, is due;
- (5) Whether HHS would permit the consumer assistance entity to enter into a corrective action plan in place of paying the CMP, and the terms of any such corrective action plan;
- (6) An explanation of the consumer assistance entity's right to a hearing under paragraph (m) of this section; and
- (7) Information about the process for filing a request for a hearing.
- (m) Appeal of proposed sanction. Any consumer assistance entity against which HHS has assessed a sanction may appeal that penalty in accordance with the procedures set forth at 45 CFR part 150, subpart D.
- (n) Failure to request a hearing. (1) If the consumer assistance entity does not request a hearing within 30 days of the issuance of the notice of assessment of CMP described in paragraph (1) of this section, HHS may require payment of the proposed CMP.
- (2) HHS will notify the consumer assistance entity in writing of any CMP that has been assessed and of the means by which the consumer assistance entity may pay the CMP.
- (3) The consumer assistance entity has no right to appeal a CMP with respect to which it has not requested a hearing in accordance with paragraph (m) of this section unless the consumer assistance entity can show good cause in accordance with §150.405(b) of this

subchapter for failing to timely exercise its right to a hearing.

[79 FR 30342, May 27, 2014]

§ 155.210 Navigator program standards.

- (a) General requirements. The Exchange must establish a Navigator program consistent with this section through which it awards grants to eligible public or private entities or individuals described in paragraph (c) of this section.
- (b) Standards. The Exchange must develop and publicly disseminate—
- (1) A set of standards, to be met by all entities and individuals to be awarded Navigator grants, designed to prevent, minimize and mitigate any conflicts of interest, financial or otherwise, that may exist for an entity or individuals to be awarded a Navigator grant and to ensure that all entities and individuals carrying out Navigator functions have appropriate integrity; and
- (2) A set of training standards, to be met by all entities and individuals carrying out Navigator functions under the terms of a Navigator grant, to ensure expertise in:
- (i) The needs of underserved and vulnerable populations;
- (ii) Eligibility and enrollment rules and procedures;
- (iii) The range of QHP options and insurance affordability programs; and,
- (iv) The privacy and security standards applicable under § 155.260.
- (c) Entities and individuals eligible to be a Navigator. (1) To receive a Navigator grant, an entity or individual must—
- (i) Be capable of carrying out at least those duties described in paragraph (e) of this section;
- (ii) Demonstrate to the Exchange that the entity has existing relationships, or could readily establish relationships, with employers and employees, consumers (including uninsured and underinsured consumers), or self-employed individuals likely to be eligible for enrollment in a QHP;
- (iii) Meet any licensing, certification or other standards prescribed by the State or Exchange, if applicable, so long as such standards do not prevent the application of the provisions of

title I of the Affordable Care Act. Standards that would prevent the application of the provisions of title I of the Affordable Care Act include but are not limited to the following:

- (A) Except as otherwise provided under §155.705(d), requirements that Navigators refer consumers to other entities not required to provide fair, accurate, and impartial information.
- (B) Except as otherwise provided under §155.705(d), requirements that would prevent Navigators from providing services to all persons to whom they are required to provide assistance.
- (C) Requirements that would prevent Navigators from providing advice regarding substantive benefits or comparative benefits of different health plans.
- (D) Requiring that a Navigator hold an agent or broker license or imposing any requirement that, in effect, would require all Navigators in the Exchange to be licensed agents or brokers.
- (E) Imposing standards that would, as applied or as implemented in a State, prevent the application of Federal requirements applicable to Navigator entities or individuals or applicable to the Exchange's implementation of the Navigator program.
- (iv) Not have a conflict of interest during the term as Navigator; and,
- (v) Comply with the privacy and security standards adopted by the Exchange as required in accordance with §155.260.
- (2) The Exchange must include an entity as described in paragraph (c)(2)(i) of this section and an entity from at least one of the other following categories for receipt of a Navigator grant:
- (i) Community and consumer-focused nonprofit groups:
- (ii) Trade, industry, and professional associations;
- (iii) Commercial fishing industry organizations, ranching and farming organizations;
 - (iv) Chambers of commerce;
 - (v) Unions;
- (vi) Resource partners of the Small Business Administration;
- (vii) Licensed agents and brokers; and
- (viii) Other public or private entities or individuals that meet the require-

ments of this section. Other entities may include but are not limited to Indian tribes, tribal organizations, urban Indian organizations, and State or local human service agencies.

- (d) Prohibition on Navigator conduct. The Exchange must ensure that a Navigator must not—
- (1) Be a health insurance issuer or issuer of stop loss insurance;
- (2) Be a subsidiary of a health insurance issuer or issuer of stop loss insurance:
- (3) Be an association that includes members of, or lobbies on behalf of, the insurance industry;
- (4) Receive any consideration directly or indirectly from any health insurance issuer or issuer of stop loss insurance in connection with the enrollment of any individuals or employees in a QHP or a non-QHP. Notwithstanding the requirements of this paragraph (d)(4), in a Federally-facilitated Exchange, no health care provider shall be ineligible to operate as a Navigator solely because it receives consideration from a health insurance issuer for health care services provided;
- (5) Charge any applicant or enrollee, or request or receive any form of remuneration from or on behalf of an individual applicant or enrollee, for application or other assistance related to Navigator duties;
- (6) Provide gifts, including gift cards or cash, unless they are of nominal value, or provide promotional items that market or promote the products or services of a third party, to any applicant or potential enrollee as an inducement for enrollment. Gifts, gift cards, or cash may exceed nominal value for the purpose of providing reimbursement for legitimate expenses incurred by a consumer in an effort to receive Exchange application assistance, such as, but not limited to, travel or postage expenses:
- (7) Use Exchange funds to purchase gifts or gift cards, or promotional items that market or promote the products or services of a third party, that would be provided to any applicant or potential enrollee;
- (8) Solicit any consumer for application or enrollment assistance by going door-to-door or through other unsolicited means of direct contact, including

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calling a consumer to provide application or enrollment assistance without the consumer initiating the contact, unless the individual has a pre-existing relationship with the individual Navigator or Navigator entity and other applicable State and Federal laws are otherwise complied with. Outreach and education activities may be conducted by going door-to-door or through other unsolicited means of direct contact, including calling a consumer; or

- (9) Initiate any telephone call to a consumer using an automatic telephone dialing system or an artificial or prerecorded voice, except in cases where the individual Navigator or Navigator entity has a relationship with the consumer and so long as other applicable State and Federal laws are otherwise complied with.
- (e) *Duties of a Navigator*. An entity that serves as a Navigator must carry out at least the following duties:
- (1) Maintain expertise in eligibility, enrollment, and program specifications and conduct public education activities to raise awareness about the Exchange;
- (2) Provide information and services in a fair, accurate, and impartial manner, which includes: providing information that assists consumers with submitting the eligibility application; clarifying the distinctions among health coverage options, including QHPs; and helping consumers make informed decisions during the health coverage selection process. Such information must acknowledge other health programs;
 - (3) Facilitate selection of a QHP;
- (4) Provide referrals to any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or health insurance ombudsman established under section 2793 of the PHS Act, or any other appropriate State agency or agencies, for any enrollee with a grievance, complaint, or question regarding their health plan, coverage, or a determination under such plan or coverage;
- (5) Provide information in a manner that is culturally and linguistically appropriate to the needs of the population being served by the Exchange, including individuals with limited English proficiency, and ensure accessibility and usability of Navigator tools and functions for individuals with

disabilities in accordance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act;

- (6) Ensure that applicants—
- (i) Are informed of the functions and responsibilities of Navigators;
- (ii) Provide authorization in a form and manner as determined by the Exchange prior to a Navigator's obtaining access to an applicant's personally identifiable information, and that the Navigator maintains a record of the authorization provided in a form and manner as determined by the Exchange. The Exchange must establish a reasonable retention period for maintaining these records. In Federally-facilitated Exchanges, this period is no less than six years, unless a different and longer retention period has already been provided under other applicable Federal law: and
- (iii) May revoke at any time the authorization provided the Navigator pursuant to paragraph (e)(6)(ii) of this section; and
- (7) Maintain a physical presence in the Exchange service area, so that face-to-face assistance can be provided to applicants and enrollees. In a Federally-facilitated Exchange, no individual or entity shall be ineligible to operate as a Navigator solely because its principal place of business is outside of the Exchange service area.
- (f) Funding for Navigator grants. Funding for Navigator grants may not be from Federal funds received by the State to establish the Exchange.

[77 FR 11718, Feb. 27, 2012, as amended at 78 FR 42859, July 17, 2013; 79 FR 30344, May 27, 2014; 79 FR 42986, July 24, 2014]

- § 155.215 Standards applicable to Navigators and Non-Navigator Assistance Personnel carrying out consumer assistance functions under §§ 155.205(d) and (e) and 155.210 in a Federally-facilitated Exchange and to Non-Navigator Assistance Personnel funded through an Exchange Establishment Grant.
- (a) Conflict-of-interest standards. The following conflict-of-interest standards apply in an Exchange operated by HHS during the exercise of its authority under §155.105(f) and to non-Navigator assistance personnel funded through an Exchange Establishment Grant under